

MATATIELE

LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

Matatiele Local Municipality Unaudited Annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

General Information

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Members	OT THE	I : Olin/	^ I I

M.M. Mbedla	Mayor
J. Bosman-Magangana	Speaker
P.A. Mohale	Chief Whip
P.M. Stuurman	Portfolio Head: Budget and Finance
N. Mshuqwana	Portfolio Head: Corporate Services
M.M. Mbobo	Portfolio Head: Community Services
N. Ngwanya	Portfolio Head: Special Programmes Unit
N.A. Nkukhu	Portfolio Head: EDP
S. Mngenela	Portfolio Head: Infrastructure Services
K.C. Biggs	EXCO Member
T.S. Maqhashalala	EXCO Member
T.V. Mongoato	Chairperson: MPAC
P.T. Hloele	Member
M. Lebese	Member
N.B. Nkomo	Member
C.N. Sithole	Member
K.B. Pakkies	Member
C.N. Sambane	Member
S.A. Ndlela	Member
J.T. Tshabalala	Member (Elected 1 October 2015)
P.C. Ntsolo	Member
S. Baba	Member
I.N. Maketela	Member
S.M. Mzozoyana	Member
L.D. Shemane	Member (Deceased 31 May 2016)
P.Z. Bono	Member
N.N. Ndukwana	Member
T. Dyantyi	Member
C.L. Nxesi	Member
T.A. Mhlongo	Member
M.C. Setenane	Member
E.K. Sephuhle	Member
N.S.N. Paula	Member
S. Mavuka	Member
R.T. Mnika	Member
N.C. Ludidi-Mzonke	Member
S.B. Macuphe	Member
M. Tsoloane	Member
P.G. Muir	Member
A.M. Saliwavikwa	Member
N. Njobe S.A. Sello	Member
W. Potwana	Member Member
V.M. Mlandu	Member
J.Z. Munyu	Member
V.C. Sigalelana	Member
L.E. Stuurman	Member
K.B. Makholwa	Member
N.E. Kotelana	Member
P.T. Motjope	Member
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General Information

S. Mgolombane

Member

Municipal Manager

Audit Committee members

Dr D.C.T Nakin Adv. AR Duminy

SJK Earle TW Tsabo

N Thipa

Mr L. Ndzelu

Chairperson Member

Member

(Resigned 02 December 2015)

Chief Financial Officer

Grading of local authority

Registered office

102 Main Street

Matatiele 4730

Physical address

102 Main Street Matatiele

4730

Postal address

P.O. Box 35 Matatiele 4730

Bankers

Nedbank

Auditors

Auditor General

Tel Number

039 737 3135

Fax Number

039 737 3611

Email

DNakin@matatiele.gov.za

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Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval

I am responsible for the preparation of these Annual financial statements, which are set out on pages 5 to 59 in terms of Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors as disclosed in note 28 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Dr. D.C.T Nakin Accounting Officer

31 August 2016

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2016

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2016	2015
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Inventories	2	965 648	675 752
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	3	2 912 869	3 371 130
VAT receivable from exchange transactions	4	7 682 278	14 761 289
Prepayments	5	859 291	550 283
Trade receivables	6	31 723 845	18 205 724
Cash and cash equivalents	7	48 410 554	30 486 661
		92 554 485	68 050 839
Non-Current Assets			
Investment property	8	21 614 400	21 614 400
Property, plant and equipment	9	682 279 644	603 994 767
Intangible assets	10	420 740	672 497
		704 314 784	626 281 664
Total Assets		796 869 269	694 332 503
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables from exchange transactions	11	29 489 366	28 174 641
Consumer deposits	12	278 959	295 684
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	13	4 030 357	5 805 348
Provisions	14	1 178 595	1 563 112
		34 977 277	35 838 785
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee benefit obligations	15	10 789 296	8 698 503
Provisions	14	13 652 888	12 364 400
	•	24 442 184	21 062 903
Total Liabilities	•	59 419 461	56 901 688
Net Assets		737 449 808	637 430 815
NET ASSETS			
Revaluation reserve	16	89 919 413	92 755 710
Accumulated surplus	. •	647 530 395	544 675 105
Total Net Assets		737 449 808	637 430 815
	-		

Statement of Financial Performance

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2016	2015
Revenue			
Service charges	18	54 644 655	44 702 491
Rental of facilities and equipment	19	587 861	693 989
Licences and permits	20	2 394 906	2 291 326
Other income	21	1 868 081	1 297 011
Interest earned	22	9 672 003	7 696 076
Property rates	23	24 193 575	19 111 649
Government grants & subsidies	24	264 756 645	220 840 603
Public contributions and donations	25	30 000	720 500
Fine receipts	26	2 737 103	1 821 294
Total revenue		360 884 829	299 174 939
Expenditure			
Employee related costs	27	(80 570 114)	(75 913 159)
Remuneration of councillors	28	(16 496 927)	(15 936 744)
Remuneration of traditional leaders	29	(378 000)	-
Landfill site provision contribution	14	(565 849)	(402 064)
Depreciation and amortisation	30	(22 849 678)	(20 919 273)
Finance costs	31	(5 439)	(15 300)
Debt Impairment	32	(6 682 271)	(2 249 057)
Repairs and maintenance	33	(11 290 120)	(12 524 895)
Bulk purchases	34	(34 110 668)	(28 923 865)
Contracted services	35	(15 099 373)	(13 477 250)
Conditional grants - Operating expenditure	36	(18 516 711)	(23 564 027)
General expenses	37	(54 026 827)	(44 038 711)
Total expenditure	•	(260 591 977)	(237 964 345)
Operating surplus	•	100 292 852	61 210 594
Gain / (loss) on sale of assets		(285 707)	(79 447)
Surplus for the year	:	100 007 145	61 131 147

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Figures in Rand	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total net assets
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	95 757 946	480 672 517	576 430 463
Prior year adjustments	-	(32 059)	(32 059)
Balance at 01 July 2014 as restated* Changes in net assets	95 757 946	480 640 458	576 398 404
Writing off of stale cheques	-	21 660	21 660
Adjustment of Investment Property Retention Adjustment	-	(141 000)	(141 000)
Transfer from Revaluation to Accumulated Surplus	(3 002 236)	20 604 3 002 236	20 604 -
Net income (losses) recognised directly in net assets Deficit for the year	(3 002 236)	2 903 500 61 131 147	(98 736) 61 131 147
Total recognised income and expenses for the year	(3 002 236)	64 034 647	61 032 411
Total changes	(3 002 236)	64 034 647	61 032 411
Balance at 01 July 2015 Changes in net assets	92 755 710	544 675 103	637 430 813
Writing off of stale cheques Transfer from Revaluation to Accumulated Surplus	(2 836 297)	11 850 2 836 297	11 850 -
Net income recognised directly in net assets Surplus for the year	(2 836 297)	2 848 147 100 007 145	11 850 100 007 145
Total recognised income and expenses for the year	(2 836 297)	102 855 292	100 018 995
Total changes	(2 836 297)	102 855 292	100 018 995
Balance at 30 June 2016	89 919 413	647 530 395	737 449 808
Note(s)	16		

Cash Flow Statement

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Fine receipts		3 195 364	1 821 294
Sale of goods and services		88 604 274	52 692 663
Grants		262 981 654	220 192 526
Interest received		9 672 003	7 696 076
Other receipts		4 018 950	2 814 714
		368 472 245	285 217 273
Payments			
Employee costs		(97 445 041)	(92 088 426)
Suppliers		(113 212 262)	,
Finance costs		(5 439)	(15 300)
Other payments		(38 717 100)	(23 653 527)
		(249 379 842)	(208 144 961)
Net cash flows from operating activities	38	119 092 403	77 072 312
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9	(101 503 393)	(104 247 764)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		334 885	4 993
Net cash flows from investing activities		(101 168 508)	(104 242 771)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		17 923 893	/27 070 744\
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		30 486 660	(27 079 741) 57 566 401
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	48 410 554	30 486 660

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts

Budget on Cash Basis						
Figures in Rand	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual amounts on comparable basis	Difference between final budget and actual	Reference
					adda	
Financial Performance						
Revenue						
Revenue from exchange transactions						
Service charges	54 444 926	-	54 444 926	54 644 655	199 729	
Rental of facilities and equipment		-	728 995	587 861	(141 134)	
Licences and permits	1 950 000	-	1 950 000	2 394 906	444 906	
Other income		-	-	1 868 081	1 868 081	
Interest received	7 581 257	*	7 581 257	9 672 003	2 090 746	
Total revenue from exchange transactions	64 705 178	-	64 705 178	69 167 506	4 462 328	
Revenue from non-exchange transactions						
Taxation revenue						
Property rates	34 365 483	_	34 365 483	24 193 575	(10 171 908)	
Transfer revenue				24 100 010	(
	259 425 000	0.400.000	264 959 060	221 == 2 = 1 =	(400.000)	
Government grants & subsidies Public contributions and	258 435 000	6 423 969	264 858 969	264 756 645	(102 324)	
donations	_		-	30 000	30 000	
Fines	2 600 500	(500)	2 600 000	2 737 103	137 103	
Total revenue from non- exchange transactions	295 400 983	6 423 469	301 824 452	291 717 323	(10 107 129)	
Total revenue	360 106 161	6 423 469	366 529 630	360 884 829	(5 644 801)	
Expenditure						
Employee Related Costs	(99 325 658)	9 941 448	(89 384 210)	(80 570 114)	8 814 096	
Remuneration of councillors	(15 890 944)	(721 042)	(16 611 986)	(16 496 927)	115 059	
Remuneration of traditional leaders	<u>-</u>	(380 000)	(380 000)	(378 000)	2 000	
Landfill site provision contribution	(1 200 000)	600 000	(600 000)	(565 849)	34 151	
Depreciation and amortisation	(20 879 000)	(4 730 677)	(25 609 677)	(22 849 678)	2 759 999	
Finance costs	-	(6 000)	(6 000)	(5 439)	561	
Debt impairment	(5 000 000)	(2 050 000)	(7 050 000)	(6 682 271)	367 729	
Repairs and maintenance	(10 465 500)	(2 954 915)	(13 420 415)	(11 290 120)	2 130 295	
Bulk purchases	(34 000 000)	(120 000)	(34 120 000)	(34 110 668)	9 332	
Contracted services Conditional grants - Operating	(19 956 369)	2 804 786	(17 151 583)	(15 099 373)	2 052 210	
expenditure	(20 632 850)	(6 117 026)	(26 749 876)	(18 516 711)	8 233 165	
General Expenses	(62 618 779)	(2 808 612)	(65 427 391)	(54 026 827)	11 400 564	
Total expenditure _	(289 969 100)	(6 542 038)	(296 511 138)	(260 591 977)	35 919 161	
Operating surplus Loss on disposal of assets and	70 137 061 -	(118 569) (400 000)	70 018 492 (400 000)	100 292 852 (285 707)	30 274 360 114 293	
liabilities		/	-	(200 / 0/ /		
Profit before taxation	70 137 061	(518 569)	69 618 492	100 007 145	30 388 653	
Actual Amount on Comparable	70 137 061					

Appropriation Statement Figures in Rand

rigures in Kand	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised Variance expenditure	Variance	Actual A outcome o as % of a final o	Actual outcome as % of original
2016											
Financial Performance Property rates	34 365 483	,	37 365 702					AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER			
Service charges	54 444 926		54 444 926	† i		34 365 483 54 444 926	24 193 575 54 644 655		(10 171 908)	255	% 02,
Investment revenue Transfers recognised - operational	3 500 000 258 435 000	6 423 969	3 500 000 264 858 969	1 1		3 500 000 264 858 969	4 279 192 264 756 644		779 192 (102 325)	122 % 100 %	122 122 8 8 8 8 8 8
Other own revenue	14 503 154	8 750	14 511 904	1		14 511 904	13 010 763		(1 501 141)	% 06	% 06
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	365 248 563	6 432 719	371 681 282	•		371 681 282	360 884 829		(10 796 453)		% 66
Employee costs Remuneration of	(99 325 658) (15 890 944)) 4 034 998) (590 000)	(95 290 660) (16 480 944)	1 1	5 906 450 (511 042)	(89 384 210) (16 991 986)	(80 570 114) (16 874 929)	f 1	8 814 096	% % 06	81 %
Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment	(5 000 000) (20 879 000)	(3 250 000)	(8 250 000) (20 879 000)		1 200 000 (4 330 677)	(7 050 000) (25 209 677)	(6 682 271) (22 849 678)	1 1	367 729 2 359 999	95 91	134 %
Finance charges Materials and bulk purchases	_ (44 465 500)	. 81 085	(44 384 415)		(6 000) (3 156 000)	(6 000) (47 540 415)	(5 439) (45 441 150)	1 1	561 2 099 265	91 % 96 %	DIV/0 % 102 %
Transfers and grants Other expenditure	(20 632 850) (83 775 147)	[1 1	1 086 259	(26 749 876) (82 979 973)	(18 516 711) (69 937 395)	l t	8 233 165 13 042 578	69 84 %	% 83 83 %
lotal expenditure	(289 969 099)	9	2	•	188 990	(295 912 137)	(260 877 687)	•	35 034 450	88 %	% 06
Surpius/(Deficit)	75 279 464	300 691	75 580 155	•		75 769 145	100 007 142		24 237 997	132 %	133 %
								AND THE PARTY OF T			

Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand	Original budget	Budget adjustments a (i.t.o. s28 and k s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement F (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget Actual outcome	Actual outcome	Unauthorised Variance expenditure		Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Ortion Ortion Actual Actual Dudget bu	Actual outcome as % of original budget
Transfers recognised - capital	77 644 000	ı	77 644 000		1	77 644 000	79 867 144		2 223 144	%	103 %
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	152 923 464	300 691	153 224 155			153 413 145	179 874 286		26 461 141	117 %	118 %
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	152 923 464	300 691	153 224 155	•		153 413 145	179 874 286		26 461 141	117 %	118 %
Capital expenditure and funds sources Capital expenditure T5 261 802	funds sources 75 261 802	1 317 484	76 579 286	1		76 579 286	68 691 619		(7 887 667)	% 06:	8
Capital Borrowing Internally generated funds	18 157 000 50 187 601	(18 157 000) (210 000)	- 49 977 601			49 977 601	32 811 773		(17 165 828)	ā	% ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °
Total sources of capital 143 606 403 funds	143 606 403	(17 049 516)	126 556 887	*		126 556 887	101 503 392		(25 053 495)	% 08	71 %

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.1 Presentation of Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

The unaudited annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

These unaudited annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied, are disclosed below.

Presentation currency

These unaudited annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

Going Concern Assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

Comparative Information

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

Standards, amendments to standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

GRAP 20 Related Party Disclosures

GRAP 32 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor

GRAP 108 Statutory Receivables

IGRAP 17 Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset GRAP 109 Accounting by Principals and Agents

Adoption of these standards will have no material impact on future financial periods.

The following GRAP standard has been approved but is not required to be applied:

GRAP 18 Segment Reporting

Critical judgments, estimations and assumptions

In preparing the annual financial statements,management is required to make estimates and assumptions that impact on the municipality financial statements once implemented. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements.

1.2 Investment property

Investment property is property (land or a building - or part of a building - or both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, as well as land with no determinable future use.

Investment property is initially measured at cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement.

Where investment property is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

Investment property (continued)

Subsequent measurement

Investment property is measured using the fair value model. Under the fair value model, investment property is carried at its fair value at the reporting date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of the property is included in surplus or deficit for the period in which it arises.

1.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at date of acquisition.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located is also included in the cost of property, plant and equipment, where the entity is obligated to incur such expenditure, and where the obligation arises as a result of acquiring the asset or using it for purposes other than the production of inventories.

Recognition of costs in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The residual value of property, plant and equipment has been determined using historical data and market conditions. A base level of 20 percent is applied except where specific assets are deemed to vary significantly from this estimate.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

The following categories of Property, plant and equipment are carried at the revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses:

- Land and Buildings
- Infrastructure
- Community Assets

The following categories of Property, plant and equipment are carried on the cost model, being the cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses:

- Other property, plant and equipment
- Capital under construction

Capital under construction is not depreciated as the asset has not been brought into use yet. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Revaluations are made every 5 years such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Any increase in an asset's carrying amount, as a result of a revaluation, is credited directly to a revaluation surplus. The increase is recognised in surplus or deficit to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in surplus or deficit.

Any decrease in an asset's carrying amount, as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in surplus or deficit in the current period. The decrease is debited directly to a revaluation surplus to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

The revaluation surplus in equity related to a specific item of property, plant and equipment is transferred directly to retained earnings when the asset is derecognised.

The revaluation surplus in equity related to a specific item of property, plant and equipment is transferred directly to retained earnings as the asset is used. The amount transferred is equal to the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount and depreciation based on the original cost of the asset.

DEPRECIATION

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to their estimated residual value.

Land is not depreciated as it is regarded as having an indefinite life. Depreciation on assets other than land is calculated on cost or revalued amount, using the straight line method, to allocate their cost to their residual values over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation method used reflects the pattern in which the assets future economic benefits or service potential are expected to be consumed by the municipality. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The depreciation rates are initially based on the following originally estimated useful lives and thereafter on the estimated remaining useful lives as at year end:

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Infrastructure: Roads and Paving	Years 10-30	Community: Improvements	Years 25-30	Other: Buildings	Years 30
Electricity	20-30	Recreational facilities	15-20	Specialist vehicles	10
Water	15-20	Security	03-05	Other vehicles	05-10
Sewerage	15-20	Components:	00 00	Office equipment	03-07
Landfill Sites	10-65	Doors & Iron	08-15	Furniture and fittings	07-10
Housing	30	Doors & Iron(extensive)	15-30	Watercraft	15
Pedestrian Malls	20	Fittings	05-15	Bins and containers	05-10
		Fittings and fixtures	15-30	Specialised equipment	10-15
		Windows & glazing	08-15	Other plant and equip	02-15
		Windows & glazing (extensive)	15-30		
		External wall	20-30		
		External roof structure/covering	15-35		
		Floor structure	20-40		
		Floor finish	05-15		
		Wall painting	05-10		
		Wall structure (internal)	20-50		
		Drainage	10-30		
		Electrical	10-30		
		Plumbing	10-30		

Reviewing the useful life of an asset on an annual basis does not require the entity to amend the previous estimate unless expectations differ from the previous estimate.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

1.4. Intangible assets

An asset is identifiable if it either:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from an entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable assets or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements (including rights from contracts), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the municipality or from other rights and obligations.

An intangible asset is recognised when:

- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably

Intangible assets are intially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its initial cost at the date of acquisition is measured at its fair value as at that date.

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised when:

- it is technically feasible to complete the asset so that it will be available for use or sale.
 there is an intention to complete and use or sell it.
- · there is an ability to use or sell it.
- it will generate probable future economic benefits or service potential.
- there are available technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the
 asset.
- the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development can be measured reliably.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

Intangible assets (continued)

An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on all relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows or service potential. Amortisation is not provided for these intangible assets, but they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. For all other intangible assets amortisation is provided on a straight line basis over their useful life.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date.

Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life.

Internally generated brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer lists and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight line basis, to their residual values as follows: Computer software, other 3-5 years

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets are derecognised:

- on disposal; or
- · when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss is the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount. It is recognised in surplus or deficit when the asset is derecognised.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.5 Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

The entity recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This is achieved through the application of trade date accounting.

Upon initial recognition the entity classifies financial instruments or their component parts as financial liabilities, financial assets or residual interests in conformity with the substance of the contractual arrangement and to the extent that the instrument satisfies the definitions of a financial liability, a financial asset or a residual interest.

Subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss where the financial instrument is either held for trading (including derivative instruments) or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss and are carried at fair value with any gains or losses being recognised in profit or loss. Fair value, for this purpose, is market value if listed or a value arrived at by using appropriate valuation models if unlisted.

Trade Receivables

Trade and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables and are measured at amortised cost less provision for doubtful debts, which is determined as set out under impairment of assets set out in policy note 1.7. Items with extended terms are initially recorded at the present value of future cash flows and interest received is accounted for over the term until payment is received. Write-downs of these assets are expensed in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

Investments

Investments, which include listed government bonds, unlisted municipal bonds, fixed deposits and short-term deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are categorised as either held-to-maturity where the criteria for that categorisation are met, or as loans and receivables, and are measured at amortised cost. Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified. Impairments are calculated as being the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows flowing from the instrument. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities that are not designated on initial recognition as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Items with extended terms are initially recorded at the present value of future cash flows.

Trade Payables

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and are subsequently measured at amortised cost

1.5 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

When a lease includes both land and buildings elements, the entity assesses the classification of each element separately.

Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease revenue is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.6 Inventories

Inventories are initially measured at cost except where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, then their costs are their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Subsequently inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is assigned using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) formula. The same cost formula is used for all inventories having a similar nature and use to the municipality.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amounts of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. If there is no related revenue, the expenses are recognised when the goods are distributed, or related services are rendered. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value or current replacement cost and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost, are recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

1.7 Impairment of assets

The entity assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount in the case of non-cash generating assets), the asset is considered impaired & is written down to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, its carrying amount is reduced to the higher of its recoverable amount and zero. Subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation charge for the asset is adjusted to allocate its remaining carrying value, less any residual value, over its remaining useful life.

Impairment losses on receivables are determined based on specific and objective evidence that assets are impaired and is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of assets and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but limited to the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

1.8 Derecognition of assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows have been transferred or have expired or when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have passed.

All other assets are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from their use.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the relevant obligation has either been discharged, cancelled or has expired.

1.9 Employee costs

These are all costs paid by an employer in exchange for services rendered by an employee. These include employee benefits such as salaries, bonuses, housing allowance, medical and other contributions, which are recognised in the income statement during the period in which the employee renders the related service. Detailed policies can also be noted under the Employee Benefits note.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.10 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of surplus sharing and bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense as they fall due.

Payments made to industry-managed (or state plans) retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as defined contribution plans where the entity's obligation under the schemes is equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan.

Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit plans the cost of providing the benefits is determined using the projected credit method.

Actuarial valuations are conducted on an annual basis by independent actuaries separately for each plan.

Past service costs are recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and are otherwise amortised on a straight line basis over the average period until the amended benefits become vested.

All Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in surplus or deficit when they occur.

The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service costs, and reduces by the fair value of plan assets.

1.11 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when:

- the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

Where the effect of time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

The discount rate is a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in note 45.

1.12 Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered / goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

. Revenue from exchange transactions (continued)

Recognition

Revenue from exchange transactions is only recognised once all of the following criteria have been satisfied:

- a) The entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- b) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably; and
- c) It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Measurement

Revenue from exchange transactions is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any discounts and rebates allowed by the entity. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Service charges relating to electricity are based on consumption. Meters are read on a quarterly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse containers per property.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods is passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.13 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis.

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised when the fine is issued.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the municipality has not met the related conditions, a deferred income (liability) is recognised.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Government grants

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Unspent conditional grants

For all conditional grants, a corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. The unspent conditional grant liability is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position.

Government grants

1.14 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure means:

- overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote; and
- expenditure not in accordance with the purpose of a vote or, in the case of a main division, not in accordance with the purpose of the main division.

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

1.15 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless expenditure means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.16 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17 Change in Accounting Policies, Estimates and Errors

Changes in accounting policies that are effected by management have been applied retrospectively in accordance with GRAP 3 requirements, except to the extent that is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change in policy. In such cases the municipality shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable.

Changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively in accordance with GRAP 3 requirements. Details of the changes in estimates are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements where applicable.

1.18 Prepayments

The amount is not taken to profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an expense but disclosed as a current asset in the statement of financial position. The expense is only raised when it is incurred.

1.19. Accumulated Surplus

Included in the accumulated surplus is the previous years profits as well as the effects of changes in accounting policies and correction of errors.

1.20 iGRAP 1 - Probability of revenue

Initial recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the entity and these benefits can be measured.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequently, the collectability of the revenue is assessed and an impairment loss is recognised where appropriate.

1.21 VAT

The Municipality accounts for Value Added Tax on the payments basis. This means that VAT is declared to the South African Revenue Services as input VAT or output VAT only when payments are made to suppliers or payments are received for goods or services.

1.22 Budget information

Municipality are typically subject to budgetary limits in the form of appropriations or budget authorization's (or equivalent), which is given effect through authorising legislation, appropriation or similar.

General purpose financial reporting by municipality shall provide information on whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the legally adopted budget.

The approved budget is prepared on a cash basis and presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives.

The approved budget covers the fiscal period from 2015-07-01 to 2016-06-30.

The Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts is disclosed on page 9 of the Annual Financial Statements.

Significant variances between budgeted amounts and actual amounts are disclosed in note 49 as well as reasons for these variances.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting Policies

1.23 Related parties

Individuals as well as their close family members, and/or entities are related parties if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and/or operating decisions. Key management personnel is defined as the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer and all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

1.24 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments where the Municipality commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources.

Commitments are not recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability or as expenditure in the statement of financial performance but are included in the disclosure notes. A distinction is made between capital and current commitments.

Commitments are disclosed for:

- Approved and contracted commitments, where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded at the reporting date.
- Approved but not yet contracted commitments, where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has yet to be awarded or is awaiting finalisation at the reporting date.
- Items are classified as commitments where the municipality commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources.
- Contracts that are entered into before the reporting date, but goods and services have not yet been received are disclosed in the disclosure notes to the financial statements.
- Other commitments for contracts are be non-cancellable or only cancellable at significant cost contracts should relate to something other than the business of the municipality.

1.25 Housing development fund / Housing operating account

Sections 15(5) and 16 of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997), which came into operation on 1 April 1998, required that the Entity maintain a separate housing operating account. This legislated separate operating account is known as the Housing Development Fund.

The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997). Loans from national and provincial government used to finance housing selling schemes undertaken by the Municipality were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to a Housing Development Fund. Housing selling schemes both complete and in progress as at 1 April 1998, were also transferred to the Housing Development Fund. In terms of the Housing Act, all proceeds from housing developments, which include rental income and sales of houses, must be paid into the Housing Development Fund. Monies standing to the credit of the Housing Development Fund can be used only to finance housing developments within the municipal area subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the Housing Development Fund:

- The Housing Development Fund is cash-backed, and invested in accordance with the investment policy of the municipality.
- The proceeds in this fund are utilised for housing development in accordance with the National Housing Policy, and also for housing development projects approved by the MEC for Human Settlements.
- · Any contributions to or from the fund are shown as transfers in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.
- Interest earned on the investments of the fund is disclosed as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.26 Revaluation reserve

The surplus arising from the revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment is credited to a non-distributable reserve. The revaluation surplus is realised as revalued assets are depreciated, through a transfer from the revaluation reserve to the accumulated surplus/ (deficit). On disposal, the net revaluation surplus is transferred to the accumulated surplus/ (deficit) while gains or losses on disposal, based on revalued amounts, are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
2. Inventories		
Consumable stores Medallions - at cost	962 979 2 669	673 083 2 669
	965 648	675 752

Inventories are held for own use with the result that no write downs of inventory to net realisable value were required.

Other receivables from non-exchange transactions

Traffic Fines Debtor	2 238 497	4 070 040
Other Debtors		1 276 240
	1 669 695	209 861
Sundry Debtors	10 769 471	10 600 546
Housing Debtors	10 478	17 964
Health Subsidy Control	35 519	35 519
Debtors Interest	224 206	72 508
Sundry Debtors Control	296 678	442 521
Provision for Impairment	(12 331 675)	(9 284 029)
	2 912 869	3 371 130

Health Subsidy Control relates to expenses incurred by the municipality on an agency basis on behalf of the Provincial Government, a sundry debtor was raised for the agency fees owing by provincial government that will be recovered.

Sundry Debtors relate to Alfred Nzo District Municipality and Sisonke District Municipality for transfer of water services.

VAT receivable from exchange transactions

VAT	7 682 278	14 761 289
VAT is declared on the payments basis. Once payment is received from debtors and padeclared to SARS.	ayments made to creditors	s, VAT is
5. Prepayments		
SALGA Chicolollo Free Basic Maintenance Supply MAMS Assets System Kokstad Copiers Maintenance	859 291 - - -	521 053 24 640 4 590
	859 291	550 283
6. Trade receivables		
Gross balances Rates from non exchange transactions	40 843 633	37 436 994
Electricity from exchange transactions Refuse from exchange transactions	6 475 408 10 450 031	3 492 063 9 396 249
	57 769 072	50 325 306
Less: Allowance for impairment Rates from non exchange transactions Electricity from exchange transactions Refuse from exchange transactions	(15 784 991) (667 796) (9 592 442) (26 045 229)	(22 729 265) (852 070) (8 538 247)

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
6. Trade receivables (continued)		
Net balance		
Rates from non exchange transactions	25 058 642	14 707 729
Electricity from exchange transactions	5 807 612	2 639 993
Refuse from exchange transactions	857 589	858 002
	31 723 845	18 205 724
Rates from non exchange transactions		
Current (0 -30 days)	242	11 131
31 - 60 days	5 539	23 134
61 - 90 days	257 674	266 172
91 - 120 days	220 696	226 486
121 - 365 days	11 161 845	8 760 684
> 365 days	29 197 637	28 149 386
Impairment	(15 784 991)	(22 729 264)
	25 058 642	14 707 729
Electricity from exchange transactions		
Current (0 -30 days)	2 834 701	1 954 876
31 - 60 days	1 110 304	323 712
61 - 90 days	370 980	138 742
91 - 120 days	355 435	91 793
121 - 365 days	739 298	671 997
> 365 days Impairment	1 064 690	310 943
impairment	(667 796)	(852 070)
	5 807 612	2 639 993
Refuse from exchange transactions		
Current (0 -30 days)	626 753	600 807
31 - 60 days	339 905	350 030
61 - 90 days	213 923	225 657
91 - 120 days	191 167	190 724
121 - 365 days	1 370 350	1 415 949
> 365 days Impairment	7 707 933	6 613 082
impairment	(9 592 442) 857 589	(8 538 247)

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
6. Trade receivables (continued)		
Summary of debtors by customer classification		
Consumers		
Current (0 -30 days)	411 919	408 263
31 - 60 days	286 017	286 235
61 - 90 days	411 553	425 290
91 - 120 days	373 328	380 674
121 - 365 days	2 770 122	2 778 897
> 365 days	19 597 164	25 707 266
	23 850 103	29 986 625
Less: Allowance for impairment	(23 133 296)	(28 916 538
	716 807	1 070 087
Industrial/ commercial		
Current (0 -30 days)	0.547.070	4 07 4 050
31 - 60 days	2 547 376	1 674 853
61 - 90 days	906 222	254 081
91 - 120 days	192 908 174 701	120 116
121 - 365 days	719 133	57 721 600 812
> 365 days	2 972 850	2 321 024
	7 513 190	5 028 607
Less: Allowance for impairment	(2 911 933)	(3 203 044)
	4 601 257	1 825 563
National and provincial government		
Current (0 -30 days)	500 404	400.000
31 - 60 days	502 401	483 699
61 - 90 days	263 509 238 116	156 561
91 - 120 days	219 270	85 165 70 609
121 - 365 days	9 782 238	7 468 921
> 365 days	15 400 247	7 400 921
•	26 405 781	15 310 076
	20 403 701	15 310 076
Reconciliation of allowance for impairment		
Balance at beginning of the year	(32 119 582)	(28 057 353)
Contributions to allowance		(4 062 229)
Debt impairment written off against allowance	6 074 353	-
	(26 045 229)	(32 119 582)

Consumer debtors past due but not impaired

Consumer debtors which are less than 3 months past due are not considered to be impaired. At 30 June 2016, R 4 327 425 (2015: R 1 546 753) were past due but not impaired.

The ageing of amounts past due but not impaired is as follows:

1 month past due	2 055 062	1 077 206
2 months past due	1 189 276	235 650
3 months past due	1 083 087	233 897

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
90.00	2010	2013

6. Trade receivables (continued)

Consumer debtors impaired

As of 30 June 2016, consumer debtors of R 26 045 229 (2015: R 32 119 582) were impaired and provided for.

The amount of the provision was R 26 045 229 as of 30 June 2016 (2015: R 32 119 582).

The ageing of these debtors is as follows:

3 to 6 months Over 6 months 1 407 072 1 869 637 24 638 157 30 249 945

The fair value of receivables from exchange transactions was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreement entered into between the municipality and Consumer Debtors as well as the current payment ratios of the municipality's consumers.

As of 30 June 2016, trade and other receivables from exchange transactions of R26 045 229 (2015: R32 119 582) were impaired and provided for.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash on hand Bank balances Short-term deposits 1 250 1 250 6 215 224 8 453 395 42 194 080 22 032 016 48 410 554 30 486 660

Short-term deposits represent investments held at various financial institutions. An investment register detailing these accounts is available at the municipal offices.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

p p		
Figures in Rand	2016	2015
	2016	2015

7. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

The municipality had the following bank accounts

Account number / description	Bank staten	nent balances	Cash book balances	
	30 June 2016	30 June 2015	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
Nedbank - Current Account (Main) - 1011292106	8 156 953	9 688 467	5 742 709	(6 289 863)
Standard Bank - Current Account - 060435224	155 231	7 211 214	155 231	7 211 214
First National Bank - Current Account - 62108495187	317 284	7 531 444	317 284	7 532 044
Standard Bank - Call Account - 68600704/001	7 855 059	5 955 059 -	7 855 059	5 955 059 -
Standard Bank - 60 Day Notice Account - 68600704/002	8 865 185	8 443 481 -	8 865 185	8 443 481 -
First National Bank - Money Market - 62108496573	6 108 042	709 285 -	6 108 042	709 285 -
Nedbank - Call Account - 03/7881006129/000004	12 215 456	454 279 -	12 215 456	454 279 -
Nedbank - Call Account - 03/7881096624/000001	1 000	3 092 600 -	1 000	3 092 600 -
Nedbank - Call Account - 03/7881120797	1 000	1 000 -	1 000	
Nedbank - 32 day Notice - 03/7881006129	4 700 000	4 700 000 -	4 700 000	
First National Bank - Money Market - 62175310045	164 639	918 536 -	164 639	918 536 -
First National Bank - Money Market - 62215611121	1 673 405	1 848 944 -	1 673 405	1 848 944 -
First National Bank - Money Market - 62286478906	610 294	609 832 -	610 294	609 832 -
Total	50 823 548	51 164 141	48 409 304	30 485 411

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015

8. Investment property

	2016			2015		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Investment property	21 614 400	+	21 614 400	21 614 400	-	21 614 400

Reconciliation of investment property carried at Fair Value - 2016

	Opening balance	Total
Investment property	21 614 400	21 614 400

Reconciliation of investment property carried at Fair Value - 2015

	Opening balance	Transfers	Change in Accounting	Correction of error	Other changes, movements	Total
Investment property	21 890 900	2 576 000	Policy (2 576 000)	(135 500)	(141 000)	21 614 400

Investment Property Information

Transfers relates to assets that were reclassified from investment property to land and buildings. Refer to note 9.

All of the municipality's investment properties are held under freehold interests and no Investment Property had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality and are held for capital appreciation.

There are no restrictions on the reliability of investment property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are no contractual obligations on investment property.

A register of Investment property is available at the municipal offices.

The effective date of revaluations was 1 July 2013.

The valuation was performed using data based on arms length transactions and related market evidence.

This was done by an independent by a professional valuer with the Registration Number 3550/09 by the name of Kwasi Agyaben Boateng who has a Bsc Honours Land Economy.

Rental revenue from investment property

587 861

693 989

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

Property, plant and equipment တ်

		2016			2015	
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Carrying value depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Accumulated Carrying value depreciation and accumulated impairment
Land and buildings Infrastructure Community Other property, plant and equipment Capital under construction	78 537 752 426 422 916 100 379 368 50 835 889 178 435 393	(6 125 407) (103 013 771) (25 565 707) (17 626 789)	72 412 345 323 409 145 74 813 661 33 209 100 178 435 393	78 224 929 384 772 147 97 534 400 47 701 366 126 368 070	(4 980 742) (89 006 152) (21 976 590) (14 642 661)	73 244 187 295 765 995 75 557 810 33 058 705 126 368 070
	834 611 318	(152 331 674)	682 279 644	734 600 912	734 600 912 (130 606 145)	603 994 767

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - June 2016 Land and buildings Infrastructure Community Other property, plant and equipment Capital under construction

(352762)(267830)

(40407942)

(620592)

101 503 393

603 994 767

Total

Depreciation

Transfers

Disposals

Additions

Opening balance

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - June 2015

Revaluations

Land is re-valued independently every 5 years.

The valuation was performed using data based on arms length transactions.

These assumptions were based on current market conditions.

The valuation of land was done through the process of creating a new valuation roll as per the requirements of the Municipal Property Rates Act. The new valuation roll was effective from 1st July 2013 and the revaluation of Land was accordingly done.

Reconciliation of Work-in-Progress 2016

Additions/capital expenditure

Included within included within included within Total Infrastructure Land and Community Buildings Assets 126 522 994 32 341 708 19 570 691 178 435 393
--

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015

9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliation of Work-in-Progress 2015

Included within Included within Included within Infrastructure Land and Community

Buildings

19 958 949

Total

Infrastructure 96 219 609 Community Assets 10 189 510

126 368 068

Additions/capital expenditure

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality.

10. Intangible assets

Computer software

	2016			2015	
Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
1 283 681	(862 941)	420 740	1 283 681	(611 184)	672 497

Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2016

	Opening balance	Amortisation	Total
Computer software	672 497	(251 757)	420 740
Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2015			
	Opening balance	Amortisation	Total
Computer software	950 897	(278 400)	672 497

Other information

There is a register containing the information required by Section 63 of the MFMA which is available for inspection at the registered office of the Municipality.

11. Payables from exchange transactions

	29 489 366	28 174 641
Bonus accrual	1 457 178	1 472 440
Other creditors	2 858 969	2 753 439
Payments received in advance	2 001 657	1 466 225
Income received in advance	2 093 162	1 013 760
Leave pay accrual	5 740 737	5 504 919
Trade payables	15 337 663	15 963 858

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand 2016 2015

11. Payables from exchange transactions (continued)

The average credit period on purchases is 30 days from the receipt of the statement, as determined by the MFMA. No interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of receipt of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged in accordance with the credit policies of the various individual creditors that the municipality deals with. The municipality has financial risk policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

Income received in advance is due to payments received for hall hire and prepaid electricity,

Staff leave accrue to the staff of the municipality on an annual basis, subject to certain conditions. The accrual is an estimate of the amount due at the reporting date.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of creditors approximate their fair values.

Bonus accrual is calculated on a 13th cheque attributable to all staff.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
12. Consumer deposits		
Electricity	278 959	295 684

Consumer deposits are paid by consumers on application for new electricity connections. The deposits are repaid when the electricity connections are terminated. In cases where consumers default on their accounts, the municipality can utilise the deposit as payment for the outstanding account. No interest is paid on Consumer deposits held.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Consumer deposits approximate their fair values. The fair value of Consumer deposits was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and its consumers.

13. Unspent conditional grants and receipts

Unspent conditional grants and receipts comprises of:

Unspent conditional grants and receipts		
Provincial government grants	163 798	163 962
Local government	2 332 783	1 242 575
Asset register grant	•	2 359 161
Library upgrade	815 700	572 616
Spatial development	142 161	283 200
LED grain storage	-	307 484
LED projects	506 536	607 515
Other grants	69 379	268 835
	4 030 357	5 805 348

Refer to note 24 for reconciliation of grants and receipts.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
14. Provisions		
Decemblishing of weeds to a code		

Reconciliation of provisions - 2016

	Opening Balance	Additions	Utilised during the year	Change in discount factor	Total
Environmental rehabilitation	10 786 183	-	-	565 849	11 352 032
Provision for long service award	2 236 392	454 051	-	-	2 690 443
Performance bonus	904 937	-	(115 929)	-	789 008
	13 927 512	454 051	(115 929)	565 849	14 831 483

Reconciliation of provisions - 2015

Environmental rehabilitation Provision for long service award Performance bonus	Opening Balance 10 384 120 1 918 636 836 815	Additions - 317 756 68 122	Change in discount factor 402 063 - -	Total 10 786 183 2 236 392 904 937
	13 139 571	385 878	402 063	13 927 512
Non-current liabilities Current liabilities			13 652 888 1 178 595 14 831 483	12 364 400 1 563 112 13 927 512

Performance Bonus

Performance bonuses accrue to senior managers on an annual basis, subject to certain conditions. The provision is an estimate of the amount due at the reporting date.

Long Service

The municipality has an obligation to provide long-service allowance benefits to all of its employees. According to the rules of the Long-service Allowance Scheme, which the municipality instituted and operates, an employee (who is on the current conditions of service), is entitled to a cash allowance, calculated in terms of the rules of the scheme, after 5 years and every 5 years thereafter of continued service. The municipality's liability is based on an actuarial valuation. The projected unit credit method has been used to value the liabilities. Actuarial gains and losses on the long-term incentives are accounted for through the statement of financial performance.

The municipality provides certain post-retirement health care benefits by funding the medical aid contributions of qualifying retired members of the municipality. According to the rules of the medical aid funds, with which the municipality is associated, a member (who is on the current Conditions of Service) is entitled to remain a continued member of such medical aid fund on retirement, in which case the municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee. The municipality operates an unfunded defined benefit plan for these qualifying employees. No other post-retirement benefits are provided to these employees.

Environmental rehabilitation provision

The minimum requirements for waste disposal by landfill as stated by the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry, " All land fills, except those closed prior to August 1990 when the permitting system came into effect, must be permitted before they can be legally closed. Closure will involve, inter alia, the application of final cover, top soiling, vegetating, drainage maintenance and leachate management."

The financial implications for the rehabilitation of the landfill site were performed by ADV. C P Herbst, who is a mineral and environmental law consultant. This was carried out on the 16 July 2016 for the effective date, 30 June 2016. Currently no appointment for the closure has been made, and therefore estimates have been compiled. The provision is based on a 15 year estimation.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

_ :		 	 ···	
Figures in	n Rand		2016	2015
94.00	· · · · · · · ·		2016	2015

14. Provisions (continued)

Landfill sites generally fall into 3 categories, which are separated by the size of the landfill, the type of waste and the amount of leachate produced. The land fill site closure design is based on it falling in the G:S:B+ formation which has the following capping layers:

- 200mm Topsoil
- 300mm Compacted clay

In calculating the provision for rehabilitation, the following four items have been included:

Direct contract costs - this equates to a unit cost of 90 rand per square meter based on previous closure of the Ducats landfill. Unit costs are used to estimate rehabilitation costs until a service provider is appointed to perform an investigation and design.

Indirect professional fees - these fees are fixed and are based on a percentage of the contract.

Indirect disbursements - These are estimated by obtaining quotations from third party service providers for similar works.

Escalation has also been considered and included in the costs.

The monetary value for the provision for the landfill site at 30 June 2016 is R 11 352 032 (2015: 10 786 183).

15. Employee benefit obligations

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

Total included in employee related costs	2 528 944	1 452 979
Actuarial (gains) losses	849 092	(174 531)
Interest cost	776 106	675 151
Current service cost	903 746	952 359
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance		
	10 789 296	8 698 503
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance	2 528 944	1 452 979
Liabilities extinguished on settlements	(438 151)	(214 152)
Opening balance	8 698 503	7 459 676
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Net liability	10 789 296	8 698 503
Current portion of Health Care Benefit	284 088	254 052
Carrying value Long term portion of Health Care Benefit Liability	10 505 208	8 444 451

The municipality provides certain post-retirement health care benefits by funding the medical aid contributions of qualifying retired members of the municipality. According to the results of the Medical Aid Funds, with which the municipality is associated a member (who is on the current Conditions of Service) is entitled to remain a continued member of such medical aid fund on retirement, in which case the municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee. The municipality operates an unfunded defined benefit plan for these qualifying employees. No other post-retirement benefits are provided to these employees.

The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2016 by Chanan Weiss of ARCH Actuarial Consulting, fellow of the faculty of Actuaries and Fellow of the Actuarial Society of South Africa. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
15. Employee benefit obligations (continued)		
Key assumptions used		
Assumptions used at the reporting date:		
Average retirement age	63	63
Discount rates used	9,11 %	9,05 %
Health care cost inflation rate	8,19 %	8,21 %
Net effective discount rate	0,85 %	0,78 %
Other assumptions		

Assumed healthcare cost trends rates have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in surplus or deficit. A one percentage point change in assumed healthcare cost trends rates would have the following effects:

Effect on the aggregate of the service cost an Effect on defined benefit obligation	d interest cost		ре	ercentage po pint increase po	ne ercentage oint ecrease 1 384 100 9 168 000
Amounts for the current and previous four year	rs are as follows:				
Defined benefit obligation Plan assets	2016 R 10 789 296	2015 R 8 698 503	2014 R 7 459 676	2013 R 6 218 312	2012 R 2 5 354 211
Surplus (deficit)	(10 789 296)	(8 698 503)	(7 459 676)	(6 218 312	2) (5 354 211)
16. Revaluation reserve					
Opening balance Transfer from Revaluation Reserve To Accum	ulated Surplus			92 755 710 (2 836 297)	95 757 946 (3 002 236)
				89 919 413	92 755 710

The revaluation reserve arose on the revaluation of land and buildings and infrastructure asset in prior periods. Where revalued land and buildings and infrastructure assets are sold, the portion of the revaluation reserve that relates to that asset, and is effectively realised, is transferred directly to accumulated surplus. The revaluation reserve is also realised through the transfer of depreciation on revalued assets to accumulated surplus. Distribution from the revaluation reserve can be made where they are in accordance with the requirements of the municipality's accounting policy and relevant case law. The payment of cash distribution out of the reserve is restricted by the terms of the municipality's accounting policy. These restrictions do not apply to any amounts transferred to accumulated surplus. The council does not currently intend to make any distributions from the revaluation reserve.

17. Revenue

Service charges	54 644 655	44 702 491
Rental of facilities and equipment	587 861	693 988
• •		
Licences and permits	2 394 906	2 291 326
Other income	1 868 081	1 297 011
Interest received - investment	9 672 003	7 696 076
Property rates	24 193 575	19 111 649
Government grants & subsidies	264 756 645	220 840 603
Public contributions and donations	30 000	720 500
Fine receipts	2 737 103	1 821 294
	360 884 829	299 174 939

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
17. Revenue (continued)		
The amount included in revenue arising from exchanges of goods or services		
are as follows:	E	44 702 49
Service charges Rental of facilities and equipment	54 644 655 587 861	693 98
Licences and permits	2 394 906	2 291 32
Other income .	1 868 081	1 297 01
Interest received - investment	9 672 003	7 696 07
	69 167 506	56 680 89
The amount included in revenue arising from non-exchange transactions is as follows:		
Taxation revenue		
Property rates	24 193 575	19 111 649
Transfer revenue Government grants & subsidies	264 756 645	220 840 603
Public contributions and donations	30 000	720 500
Fine receipts	2 737 103	1 821 294
	291 717 323	242 494 046
18. Service charges		
Sale of electricity	47 025 258	37 506 236
Refuse removal	7 619 397	7 196 255
	54 644 655	44 702 491
The amounts disclosed above for revenue from service charges are in respect of service consumers on a monthly basis according to approved tariffs.	es rendered which are bil	lled to the
19. Rental of facilities and equipment		
Hall Hire	128 935	99 017
Housing Rental Farm Rental	- 78 678	7 402 84 953
Site Rental	359 334	435 453
Stadium Hire	20 914	67 164
	587 861	693 989
20. Licenses and permits		
Business licenses	1 965	
Business licenses Drivers licenses	1 965 2 392 941	719 2 290 607

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
21. Other income		
Building exemption certificates	14 519	6 897
Building plans	211 650	142 887
Cemetery fees	48 829	54 514
Demolition fees	5 907	-
Driveway hardening	8 487	7 860
Electricity connections	329 115	292 675
Music Festival	13 082	42 346
Nature reserve annual licence	3 130	1 579
Nature reserve chalets	15 896	17 693
Nature reserve daily fishing	8 234	6 811
Nature reserve income	1 423	175
Photo copies	1 018	911
Plant hire	1 697	203
Pool fees	31 855	34 051
Pound fees	146 450	97 437
Provision for movement in performance bonuses	131 191	-
Rates certificates	3 175	4 596
Service connections	-	19 363
Sundry services	691 076	289 033
Telephone private calls		1 830
Tender documents	201 347	276 150
	1 868 081	1 297 011

The amounts disclosed above for other income are in respect of services rendered which are billed to or paid for by the users as the services are required according to approved tariffs.

22. Investment revenue

Interest revenue		
Interest on short-term bank deposits	4 279 192	3 606 763
Loans and receivables	5 392 811	4 089 313
	9 672 003	7 696 076

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
23. Property rates		
Rates received		
Residential	8 646 855	7 900 022
Commercial Agricultural	7 926 574	7 165 568
Vacant land	1 225 495 546 691	1 167 380 366 587
Municipal and Local Government (Rural)	16 342 294	13 785 654
Exempted properties	(4 630 300)	(2 479 620)
Adjusted Corrections	(306 859)	(736 799)
Less: Rebates (Phase-in)	(5 557 175)	(8 057 143)
	24 193 575	19 111 649

Supplementary assessment rates are levied on the value of land and improvements, for which a valuation is performed every five years. Valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

A new valuation roll has been implemented from 1 July 2013.

Valuations

Residential	995 149 350	954 800 500
Commercial	760 269 864	721 608 000
Agricultural	564 224 509	564 224 509
Vacant land	28 838 500	20 305 000
Municipal and Local Government (Rural)	674 584 639	631 151 639
Exempted properties	340 897 288	240 769 288
	3 363 964 150 3	3 132 858 936

A general rate of R1.44 (2015: R1.44) is applied to residential property valuations and R1.73 (2015: R1.73) to commercial property valuations to determine assessment rates. Rebates of 35% (2015: 35%) are granted to residential property owners and 10% (2015: 10%) to commercial property owners.

A general rate of R0.002172 (2015: R002069) is applied on agricultural/farm properties/land and a rebate of 65% (2015: 65%) are granted to agricultural/farm properties/land.

Rates are levied on an annual basis with the final date for payment being 30 September 2016 (30 September 2015). Interest at 18% per annum (2015: 18%) and a collection fee of 0% (2015: 0%), is levied on rates outstanding two months after due date.

Agricultural increased by 5% to 0.002172 (2015: 0.002069)

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
24. Government grants and subsidies		
Operating grants		
Equitable share	176 181 000	138 979 000
Human settlements	664 726	-
	176 845 726	138 979 000
Capital grants	**************************************	
National: FMG grant	1 600 000	1 600 000
National: MIG grant	49 867 144	46 926 089
National: MSIG grant	930 000	934 000
National: DoE Electrification grant	30 000 000	21 904 565
Nature Reserve / Greenest Town	-	143 437
Provincial: Capacity Building	9 792	-
Incentive Grant	1 780 000	4 485 000
Provincial: Treasury	164	809 003
Provincial: DEAT	100 979	-
Provincial: Seeta Music Festival	170 782	167 526
	400 000	500 000
Other Grants Spatial Development	199 456	456 680
Grain Storage	141 039	106 800
Asset Register Grant	307 484	692 516
Desrac Grant	2 359 161	3 005 832
beside Grant	44 916	130 156
	87 910 917	81 861 603
	264 756 643	220 840 603
Equitable Share		
In terms of the constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic servi and to fund operations.	ces to indigent community r	nembers
National: FMG grant		
Current-year receipts	1 600 000	1 600 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1 600 000)	(1 600 000)
	**	
National: MIG grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	_	3 410 836
Current-year receipts	49 867 144	45 759 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(49 867 144)	(46 926 089)
Transferred to Retentions	-	(2 243 747)
	-	-
National: MSIG grant		
Current-year receipts	930 000	934 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(930 000)	(934 000)
	-	-

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
24. Government grants and subsidies (continued)		
National: DoE Electrification grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	30 000 000 (30 000 000)	104 565 21 800 000 (21 904 565)
Provincial government		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Conditions met - transferred to revenue	163 962 (164)	972 965 (809 003)
	163 798	163 962
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
Local government		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1 242 575 1 100 000 (9 792)	1 242 575 - -
	2 332 783	1 242 575
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
Asset Register Grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts	2 359 161	364 993 5 000 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2 359 161)	(3 005 832)
	*	2 359 161
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
Library Upgrade		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	572 616 288 000 (44 916)	414 772 288 000 (130 156)
	815 700	572 616

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figur	es in Rand	2016	2015
24.	Government grants and subsidies (continued)		
Spat	ial Development		
	nce unspent at beginning of year	283 200 (141 039)	390 000 (106 800)
Conc	ditions met - transferred to revenue	142 161	283 200
Cond	ditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
LED	Grain Storage		
	nce unspent at beginning of year	307 484	600 000 400 000
	ent-year receipts ditions met - transferred to revenue	(307 484)	(692 516)
		•	307 484
Cond	ditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
LED	Projects		
	nce unspent at beginning of year ditions met - transferred to revenue	607 515 (100 979)	607 515 -
Con	ditions met - transierred to revenue	506 536	607 515
Cond	ditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
	ntive Grant		
	ent-year receipts	1 780 000	4 485 000
Con	ditions met - transferred to revenue	(1 780 000)	(4 485 000)
Con	ditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13)		
Mus	ic Festival		
Curr	rent-year receipts	400 000 (400 000)	500 000 (500 000
Con	ditions met - transferred to revenue	(400 000)	-
Prov	vincial: Seeta		
Curr	rent-year receipts	170 782	167 526 (167 526
Con	ditions met - transferred to revenue	(170 782)	(107 520
Othe	er Grants		
Bala	ance unspent at beginning of year	268 835	445 515
Curi	rent-year receipts ditions met - transferred to revenue	(199 456)	280 000 (456 680
		69 379	268 835

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 13).

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
24. Government grants and subsidies (continued)		
Nature Reserve / Greenest Town		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	143 437 (143 437)

25. Public contributions and donations		
Donations	30 000	720 500
26. Fine receipts		
Library fines	42	274
Traffic licenses	1 292 215 1 444 846	520 986 1 300 034
	2 737 103	1 821 294

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
27. Employee related costs		
Basic	59 848 261	56 671 508
Bonus	2 740 917	2 555 181
Medical aid - municipal contributions	2 097 115	1 884 514
UIF	484 563	463 447
SDL	30 668	30 015
Leave pay accrual charge	1 678 489	1 189 849
Provision for long service	808 906	317 756
Defined benefit obligation	7 022 293	6 684 464
Overtime payments	1 977 378	1 600 563
Other allowances	37 000	35 600
Car allowance	2 646 871	3 083 619
Housing benefits and allowances	1 197 653	1 396 643
	80 570 114	75 913 159

Post employment benefits comprises an amount of R7 022 293 (2015: R6 684 464) which are pension payments.

Remuneration of Municipal Manager

Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds

Car Allowance

Performance Bonuses

Annual Remuneration Car Allowance Performance Bonuses Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 173 316 255 000 120 139 1 785	1 034 875 300 000 - 1 785
	1 550 240	1 336 660
Dr D.C.T Nakin served as Municipal Manager for the entire period under review.		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer		
Annual Remuneration	887 598	815 792

210 000

1 099 383

1 785

210 000

1 075 605

48 028

1 785

Mr. L. Ndzelu was the Chief Financial Officer for the entire period under review.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
27. Employee related costs (continued)		
Remuneration of Corporate Services Manager		
Temunitation of corporate Services Manager		
Annual Remuneration	933 961	863 792
Car Allowance	163 636	162 000
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 785	1 785
	1 099 382	1 027 577
Mr L.T. Somtseu was the Corporate Services Manager for the entire period under review.		
Remuneration of Community Services Manager		
Annual Remuneration	674 665	737 792
Car Allowance	240 000	288 000
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 636	1 785
	916 301	1 027 577
Mr S.M. Mbedla served as Community Services Manager until 30 April 2016.		
Remuneration of the EDP Manager (Ms G.R Tobia)		
Annual Remuneration		809 221
Car Allowance	-	132 000
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	-	24 564
Remuneration of the EDP Manager (Mr V Ndaba)		
Allowance for acting position	91 680	17 589
Remuneration of the EDP Manager (Mrs B Ntloko) Allowance for acting position	#O F00	
	56 523 148 203	-
	140 203	983 374

Ms G.R. Tobia was the EDP Manager from July 2014 until 8 June 2015. Mr V Ndaba was the acting EDP Manager from the 9 June 2015 until 31 August 2015 and again from 1st December 2015 until 29 February 2016.

Mrs B Ntloko was the acting EDP Manager from the 1st of September 2015 until 30 November 2015

Remuneration of the Infrastructure Manager

	1 099 383	1 027 577
Car Allowance Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	132 000 1 785	132 000 1 785
Annual Remuneration Housing allowance	869 598 96 000	797 792 96 000

Mr M. Somi was the Infrastructure Manager for the entire period under review.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
27. Employee related costs (continued)		
Staff leave benefits		
Municipal Manager	174 268	134 105
Chief Financial Officer Corporate Services Manager	47 181	42 682
Community Services Manager	126 146	134 600
EDP Manager	-	107 199
Infrastructure Manager	140 582	6 810 148 064
·		
	488 177	573 460
28. Remuneration of councillors		
Mayor	568 359	535 271
Speaker	209 721	185 680
Chief Whip	426 229	407 754
MPAC Chair Executive Committee	397 891	380 809
Executive Committee Councillors	2 615 173	2 277 868
	6 491 883	6 691 149
Company contributions to UIF,medical aid and pension fund	723 525	681 666
Sundry Allowances (Cellular phones, housing and vehicles)	5 064 146	4 776 547
	16 496 927	15 936 744

Changes in Councillors' positions during the financial year

- 1. Cllr T.S. Stuurman passed on, on the 28th of June 2015. Cllr J.T Tshabalala was elected on the 1st of October 2015.
- 2. Cllr L.D Shemane passed on, on the 31st of May 2016. A new Cllr was not yet elected in place of Cllr Shemane.

29. Remuneration of traditional leaders

Remuneration of traditional leaders	378 000	-
30. Depreciation and amortisation		
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	22 597 920 251 758	20 640 873 278 400
	22 849 678	20 919 273
31. Finance costs		
Late payments	5 439	15 300
32. Debt impairment		
Contributions to debt impairment provision	6 682 271	2 249 057

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
33. Repairs and maintenance		
Repairs on buildings Repairs on equipment Repairs on mains Repairs on plant and vehicles Repairs on roads Repairs on streetlights	1 441 659 388 152 1 032 494 1 389 276 6 902 538 136 001	913 793 170 455 514 668 1 303 771 9 641 319 47 889 12 591 895
34. Bulk purchases		
Electricity	34 110 668	28 923 865

Bulk purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the municipality, which the municipality distributes in the municipal area for resale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom. The municipality incurred electricity line losses of R 1,022,290.44 at a percentage of 4.54% (2015: 6.23%) in the current year. The technical losses is R 743,074.55 (3.3%) and the non-technical losses are R 279,215.89(1.24%)

Water is supplied directly to residents and businesses by the district municipality.

35. Contracted services

Maintenance Agreements	15 099 373	13 477 250
36. Conditional grants - Operating expenditure		
Grants paid for projects and IDP		
IDP	145 004	148 263
Desrac Grant	44 916	129 710
Nature Reserve Fencing		143 437
Mokhosi Milling Project	100 979	-
Small town and rural village	46 273	26 025
EPWP incentive	1 780 000	4 483 634
Vuna Awards	-	114 035
Music Festival	400 000	500 000
SEETA	170 782	11 700
Other grants and subsidies paid	165	809 003
	2 688 119	6 365 807
Other grants and subsidies		
FBS Electricity	7 981 192	7 892 689
LED	17 972	94 029
FBS Refuse	1 549 897	1 995 456
MIG Salaries	1 753 784	1 524 967
MSIG	816 404	840 777
Grain Storage	010 404	609 857
FMG	1 498 865	1 494 777
Spatial Development	141 039	106 800
FAR, Revenue & Exp Enhancement	2 069 439	2 638 868
	15 828 592	17 198 220
	18 516 711	23 564 027

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
37. General expenses		
Advertising	2 040 433	1 227 685
Auditors remuneration	3 531 853	3 821 754
Bank charges	281 031	231 521
Chemicals	109 253	1 215 599
Conferences and seminars	1 662 592	2 019 161
Consulting and professional fees	14 963 153	11 954 948
Consumables	2 535 785	561 947
Contribution to bonus and post retirement provision	2 090 793	1 306 949
Delegates expenses	6 344 641	4 654 579
Electricity	656 223	404 411
Entertainment	-	320 253
Farming	-	33 963
Fuel and oil	2 532 631	2 477 364
Hire	156 250	96 500
Insurance	795 026	556 950
Motor vehicle expenses	87 054	178 563
Obsolete stock written off	2 657	11 710
Other expenses	382 048	172 496
Postage and courier	135 517	151 077
Printing and stationery	1 032 380	944 342
Project maintenance costs	5 503 118	3 986 947
Public participation Resealing	217 301	350 637
Subscriptions and membership fees	1 312 145	1 251 333
Telephone and fax	1 931 798	915 470
Training	2 564 758	2 113 744
Uniforms	2 533 056	2 690 288
Venue expenses	495 762	174 148
Total Supplies	129 569 54 026 827	214 372 44 038 711
	34 020 021	44 036 711
38. Cash generated from operations		
Surplus	100 007 145	61 131 147
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	22 849 678	20 919 273
Loss on sale of assets and liabilities	285 707	79 447
Debt impairment	6 682 271	2 249 057
Movements in retirement benefit assets and liabilities	2 090 793	1 238 827
Movements in provisions	903 971	787 941
Transfers from PPE Movement in retained earnings	-	(89 500)
		(122 779)
Write back of stale cheques Retention Adjustment	11 850	21 660
Changes in working capital:	-	20 604
inventories	(000,000)	(400.004)
Consumer debtors	(289 896)	(128 661)
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	(20 200 390)	(9 418 770)
Prepayments	458 261	(1 203 411)
Payables from exchange transactions	(309 008) 1 314 726	2 748 731
/AT	7 079 011	8 684 860
Consumer deposits	(16 725)	(7 011 731) 57 442
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	(16 725)	
	119 092 403	(2 891 825)
	119 092 403	77 072 312

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
39. Unauthorised expenditure		
Opening balance Approved by Council or condoned	-	9 679 923 (9 679 923)
	-	-
There is no unauthorised expenditure in the current year.		
Impairment loss not budgeted for in the prior year.		
40. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure		
Opening balance Fruitless and wasteful expenditure - current year Less: amounts approved for write-off by council	2 331 5 439 (2 331)	1 830 15 300 (14 799)
	5 439	2 331

All fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred was as a result of interest / penalties charged on late payments. A schedule of these items are available at the municipal offices.

41. Irregular expenditure

Opening balance		7 489 689
Add: Irregular expenditure - current year	-	3 270 000
Less: amounts approved for write-off by council	-	(10 759 689)
	•	*

The municipality was not engaged in any transaction or event during the year under review that constitutes irregular expenditure.

42. Section 32 procurement

2016

Egxeni Engineering Secrete Steps Trading (Pty) Ltd KGZ Services CC Maxitec TS Credit Consulting (Pty) Ltd t/a Trifecta Capital Collection Innovations Government Software Solutions

2015

Bell Equipment Sales SA LTD Rock Powerline Electrical Bantubanye Skills Interwaste (PTY) LTD Parallex Management Consultants

During the current year the Municipality chose to utilise the provisions of section 32 (s32) of the Supply Chain Regulations to award tenders to companies using the competitive bidding process of other Municipalities. The above companies were appointed by way of use of this provision. All sections of the provisions were adhered to in the awarding of bids.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
43. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act		
Contributions to organised local government		
Current year subscription / fee Amount paid - current year	763 330 (763 330)	838 196 (838 196)
Audit fees		
Current year subscription / fee Amount paid - current year	3 531 853 (3 531 853)	3 820 254 (3 820 254)
	-	-
PAYE and UIF		
Current year subscription / fee Amount paid - current year	14 379 721 (14 379 721)	13 545 623 (13 545 623)
	_	-
VAT		
VAT receivable	7 682 278	14 761 289

VAT output payables and VAT input receivables are shown in note 4.

All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.

Councillors' arrear consumer accounts

The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days at 30 June 2016:

30 June 2016	Outstanding less than 90 days R	Outstanding more than 90 days R	Total R
MM Mbobo	470	-	470
NE Kotelana	235	-	235
SM Ndukwana	117	-	117
GN Kotelana	227	-	227
SM Mzozoyana	353	10	363
S Mavuka	822	170	992
PG Muir	1 153	-	1 153
MN Mshuqwana	117	-	117
AM Saliwavikwa (M Malamlela)	686	74 991	75 677
JM Mlandu	117	34	151
M Lebese	117	-	117
	4 414	75 205	79 619

The property is registered under the name of Mr.M. Malamlela who is the same person as Mr. A.M. Saliwavikwa.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
9	2010	2013

43. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

Supply chain management regulations - Deviations

In terms of section 36(2) of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations any deviation from the Supply Chain Management Policy needs to be approved by the Municipal Manager and be reported to Council for noting.

In	ıci	d	0	n	ŧ

In an emergency If such goods or services are produced or available from single provider only In any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow official procurement processes	4 124 888 419 623 22 521 019	779 565 253 215 15 168 875
	27 065 530	16 201 655

44. Commitments

Authorised capital and operational expenditure

Already contracted for but not provided for	60 815 911 46 585 271 107 401 182	101 877 855 53 804 406 155 682 261
Total capital commitments Already contracted for but not provided for	107 401 182	155 682 261

This committed expenditure relates to property and will be financed by available bank facilities, retained surpluses, rights issue of shares, issue of debentures, mortgage facilities, existing cash resources, funds internally generated, etc.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand		2016	2015

45. Contingencies

LIABILITIES

TCN Architects CC vs Matatiele Local Municipality

We are being sued for non payment for services rendered. The estimated cost is R326 234 plus 15.5% interest per annum.

Matatiele Golf Club vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The Municipality instructed the Attorneys to challenge the validity of the Golf Club Lease. The estimated cost is R150 000.

M Moshoeshoe vs Matatiele Local Municipality

We received a letter of demand for damages of his truck which collided with one of the Municipal vehicles and also claiming loss of income. The estimated cost is R4 400 000.

Diko van de Merve CC vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The Municipality is being sued for non payment by a service provider. The potential liability is R463 348.

Rashid Shaik vs Matatiele Local Municipality

Mrs Rashida declared a dispute for unfair dismissal. The estimated cost is R1 000 000.

Matatiele Local Municipality vs CyasSound Events Management

The estimated cost for the suit is R46 000.

Mr D Paton vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated cost for the suit is R150 000.

N B Matshoba vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated cost for the suit is R250 000.

Two Sisters Construction CC vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated cost for the suit is R742 013.

Zincede Ngokwakho Housing CC vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated cost for the suit is R100 000. There is an 80% chance of recovery of these costs.

M L Hans vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated costs for the suit is R80 000.

SAMWU II vs Matatiele Local Municipality

The estimated costs for the suit is R50 000.

ASSETS

Matatiele Local Municipality vs Desia Thurston

Ms Desia was dismissed for fraud. The estimated amount realisable is R85 000.

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2016	2015

45. Contingencies (continued)

Matatiele Local Municipality vs VH Sokupola and 66 others

The estimated amount realisable is R25 000.

Matatiele Local Municipality vs ST Mzozoyana

An attorney was instructed to represent the municipality in claiming Mr Mzozoyana regarding non payment of municipal services and rates for 4 properties. The estimated amount realisable is R40 000.

Matatiele Local Municipality vs Pension Fund - Xoliswa Marubelela

The estimated amount realisable is R20 000.

Matatiele Local Municipality vs Pension Fund - Gayle O'Reilly

The estimated amount realisable is R50 000.

46. Related parties

Community liaison officer Accountant - Payroll Spouse Spouse

Xolani Faniso, spouse of the Community Liaison officer of the municipality, who is also a member of Bathokozeleni Trading CC, were appointed on the 13th January 2015 to provide services relating to grass cutting. Current year expenditure relating to the above amounted to R408 419. Xolani Faniso is also a member in Shakes and Xolanis Construction, who were appointed to perform stadium renovations at Thandanani. Current year expenditure incurred amounted to R 767 121.09

Taelo Letseka, the spouse of the Accountant - Payroll of the municipality (1 November 2012 - Current), is a member of Sweet Dreams Trading who were appointed to provide grass cutting and cleaning services of various Municipal properties, the expenditure incurred amounted to R1 205 000.

Councillors and/or management of the municipality had no relationship with businesses to management's best knowledge.

47. In-kind donations and assistance

The municipality was not engaged in any transaction or event during the year under review involving in-kind donations.

48. Events after the reporting date

There were no events that occurred after the reporting date.

49. Risk management

Liquidity risk

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015

49. Risk management (continued)

Credit and Interest risk

Credit and Interest risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and trade debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-party.

Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluated credit risk relating to customers on an ongoing basis. If customers are independently rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Sales to retail customers are settled in cash.

Financial assets exposed to credit and interest risk at year end were as follows:

Financial instrument	2016	2015
Trade receivables	31 723 843	18 205 724
Nedbank	5 742 709	(6 289 863)
Standard Bank	155 231	7 211 214
First National Bank	317 284	7 532 044
Short term investments	42 194 080	22 032 016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand		2016	2015
50. Financial instruments disclosure			
Categories of financial instruments			
2016			
Financial assets			
	At fair value	At amortised	Total
Trade receivables		cost	
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	-	7 682 278	7 682 278
Consumer debtors	•••	13 390 309 57 769 072	13 390 309 57 769 072
Cash and cash equivalents	48 410 554		48 410 554
	48 410 554	78 841 659	127 252 213
Financial liabilities	***************************************	***************************************	
manual nazmino			
		At amortised	Total
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions		cost 29 322 040	29 322 040
2015			
Financial assets			
	At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	•	14 761 289	14 761 289
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions Consumer debtors	■	10 509 170	10 509 170
Cash and cash equivalents	30 486 661	50 325 306	50 325 306 30 486 661
	30 486 661	75 595 765	106 082 426
inancial liabilities	***************************************		
		At amortised cost	Total
Frade and other payables from exchange transactions		23 641 494	23 641 494
air value information			
The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying ecorded at amortised cost in the Annual Financial Statements approximate Financial Liabilities were determined after considering the standard between the municipality and other parties as well as the current payme	mate their fair values.The ds terms and conditions of	fair value of Fina agreements ent	ncial Assets

Fair value hierarchy of financial assets at fair value

Bank balances and cash	6 215 224 48 409 304	8 453 396 30 485 412
Transfers out of level 1 Short term deposits	42 194 080	22 032 016

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand 2016 2015

51. Operating lease

The Municipality had the following operating leases in the current year:

Kokstad Copiers - The lease is held on a monthly basis. No outstanding commitment exists.

Konica Minolta - The lease is held on a monthly basis. No outstanding commitment exists.

Nedbank - for a period of 36 months. At the reporting date the entity has outstanding commitments under operating leases which fall due as follows:

Within one year:

R39 474

In the second to fifth year inclusive:

Telkom:

Within one year:

R574 485

In the second to fifth year inclusive:

R957 475

Kokstad Copiers lease 2- for a period of 36 months. At the reporting date the entity has outstanding commitments under operating leases which fall due as follows:

Within one year:

R48 411

In the second to fifth year inclusive:

R48 411

52. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty and Judgements

The following areas involve a significant degree of estimation uncertainty:

Useful lives and residual values of property, plant, and equipment

Recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment

Provision for rehabilitation of landfill sites (discount rate used, number of years, amount of cash flows)

Present value of defined benefit obligation

Fair value of plan assets

Provision for doubtful debts

Impairment of assets

Provision for long-term service award

The following areas involved judgements, apart from those involving estimations disclosed above, that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Impairment of assets

Provisions

53. Change in accounting policy

GRAP 100 - Non current assets held for sale was withdrawn for periods beginning after 1 April 2015. Accordingly, a change in accounting policy has been applied and the relevant assets disclosed under investment property as required.

The change in accounting policy resulted in the following prior year adjustments

Non current assets held for sale

(2 665 500)

Land and buildings Investment property

89 500

2 576 000

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand		
rigules in Natio	2016	2015
5	2010	2015
		2010

54. Budget differences

Material differences between budget and actual amounts

Income

Property rates - the difference is as a result of income forgone

Rental of facilities and equipment - North End stadium was closed for 6 months due to bad sewerage system that needed to be fixed.

Interest on investments - Cost cutting measures resulted in more funds available for investment

Interest on rates - write off of Maluti debt

Licenses and permits - upgrade of testing grounds

Other income - more revenue collected on music festival than anticipated

Expenditure

Employee related cost - not all the posts which were budgeted for were filled
Depreciation - not all the assets that were supposed to purchased were purchased
Repairs and Maintenance - EPWP programme ran for 10 months , the budget was for 12 months
Contracted Services - Free Basic Service(alternative energy) tender delayed due to non responsive bids
Conditional grants - operating expenditure - The unspent portion Election grant to be spent in the next financial period ,
Service provider for FBS to be appointed
General Expenses - Cost cutting measures were put in place and adhered to by department

55. Prior period errors

The correction of error relates to the Alfred Nzo payable which was incorrectly offset against receivables.

Correction of errors resulted in the following prior year adjustments

Statement of financial position

Payables from exchange transactions Prior year adjustment		(34 544)
Property, Plant and Equipment Adjustment	-	135 500
Investment Property Adjustment	-	(135 500)
Other Receivables from non-exchange transactions Previously stated	-	91 167
Opening retained earnings Adjustment	-	(32 059)

Notes to the Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2016	2015
55. Prior period errors (continued)		
Statement of Financial Performance		
Repairs and maintenance Adjustment	_	(67 000)
General expenses Adjustment		7 000
Contracted services Adjustment	_	60 000
Employee related costs Adjustment	_	34 097

Matatiele Local Municipality APPENDIX A SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS as at 30 June 2016

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FYTEDMALLOAMS	Loan	Redeemable	Balance at 30	Received during the	Redeemed / written off during the	Balance at 30	Carrying Value of Property, Plant	0
EVIEWAL LOAMS	number	Date	June 2015	period	period	June 2016	& Equipment	with MFMA
LONG-TERM LOANS								
Stock Loan @ x% 2		•						
Stock Loan @ x% 3								
Stock Loan @ x% 4								
Stock Loan @ x% 5								
Stock Loan @ x% 6	***************************************							
Stock Loan @ x% 7	********							
Stock Loan @ x% 8						**************************************		
Total long-term loans	1				***************************************			
ANNUITY LOAN Sanlam @ x%								
GOVERNMENT LOANS							·	
- Other @ x%								
Total Government Loans								
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS								

APPENDIX B ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Matatiele Local Municipality
APPENDIX B
ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN AND EQUIPMENT
for the year ended 30 June 2016

		ا ا	Cost / Dovelnation		2	of the year ended so suffe 2010	or ne zoro			,			***************************************
			Oor I Vevaluati	5		Acc	Accumulated Depreciation and Accumulated Impairment	anon and Accu	mulated Impain	nent			
	Opening		ì	Under	Closing	Opening	:		Impairment loss/Reversal of Impairment			Other	
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Construction	Balance	Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	movements	Carrying Value
Land Land Landfill Sites Quarries	78,224,929	•	•	•	78,224,929	4,980,742	1,144,665	,	•	6,125,407	312,823	•	72,412,345
	78,224,929				78,224,929	4,980,742	1,144,665	•	•	6,125,407	312,823	,	72,412,345
Bulldings	•												•
Infrastructure	110 101					:	:						
Drains Roads Sewerage Mains & Purification	76,954,429	744,049	-383,933		77,698,478	26,701,846 17,801,230	4,211,637 2,807,758	-31,171		30,882,311 20,608,988	11,494,338 7,662,892		96,775,811 64,752,382
Electricity Mains Flectricity Peak Load Form	38,477,215	372,024			38,849,239	8,900,615	1,403,879	•		10,304,494	3,831,446		32,376,191
Water Mains & Purification Reservoirs - Water	96,193,037	930,061			97,123,098	22,251,538	3,509,697	ŧ		25,761,235	9,578,615		80,940,477
Water Meters Storm Water	57,715,822	558,036			58,273,859	13,350,923	2,105,818	•		15,456,741	5,747,169		48,564,286
Under construction	384 772 147	3 720 243	-383 933		388 108 457	89.006.452	14 038 700	24 474		100 040	200 7 7 70 00		
Community Assets		2,121,12	200,000		104,001,000	201,000,00	14,000,730	-51,17	,	103,013,771	38,314,460		323,409,147
Parks & Gardens Libraries Recreation Grounds	34,137,040 39,013,760	372,508 425,724			34,509,548 39,439,484	7,691,807 8,790,636	1,256,191			8,947,997 10,226,283	623,231 712,264		26,184,781 29,925,464
Civic Buildings Stadiums	9,753,440	106,431			9,859,871	2,197,659	358,912		•	2,556,571	178,066		7,481,366
Halls	7,802,752	85,145			7,887,897	1,758,127	287,129		•	2,045,257	142,453		5,985,093
Swimming Pools Cemeteries	6,827,408	74,502			6,901,910	1,538,361	251,238		•	1,789,599	124,646		5,236,956
	97,534,400	1,064,309	-		98.598.709	21 976 590	3 589 117			25 565 707	4 700 650		14.040.000
Total carried forward	560,531,476	4,784,552	-383,933		564,932,095	115,963,484	18,772,571	-31,171		134,704,884	40,407,942		470,635,153

Matatiele Local Municipality
APPENDIX B
ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
for the year ended 30 June 2016

		0	Cost / Revaluation	2	2	ioi ine year endeu so sume zono	1	Accumulated Depreciation	ation				
	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Under	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Impairment loss/Reversal of Impairment loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	Other movements	Carrying Value
Total brought forward	560,531,476	4,784,552	•		565,316,028	115,963,484	18,933,574	•		134,897,058	40,407,942	,	470,826,912
Other Assets			•										
Office Equipment	16,695,478	1,485,252	-1,109,053		17,071,677	5,124,931	1,338,872	-841,219		5,622,584			11,449,092
Furniture & Fittings	14,310,410	1,273,073			15,583,483	4,392,798	1,147,605			5,540,403			10,043,080
Bins and Containers					•								
Emergency Equipment	7,155,205	636,536			7,791,741	2,196,399	573,802			2,770,201			5,021,540
Motor vehicles					•								
Fire engines	5,962,671	530,447			6,493,118	1,830,333	478,169			2,308,501			4,184,617
Refuse tankers													
Computer Equipment	3,577,602	318,268			3,895,871	1,098,200	286,901			1,385,101			2,510,770
Computer Software (part of													
computer equipment)													•
Other Assets													,
	47,701,366	4,243,576	-1,109,053		50,835,889	14,642,661	3,825,348	-841,219		17,626,790			33,209,099
Work in progress													
Community Assets	10,189,510	12,226,811			22,416,321						-2,845,630		19,570,691
Land and Buildings	18,956,949	12,382,759			32,341,708								32,341,708
וווו מפון תכנתו ב שפפופ			8		10c,cou,401						15,366,31		126,522,996
	126,368,070	92,475,265	,		218,843,335		,	•	*	-	-38,281,467	3	178,435,395
Total	724 600 042	404 500 583	124 600 642 404 603 504 4 463 686	_	000 644 000	1 200 000	000 101 00	000	_	100000		-	
-0191	410,000,001	202,220,00	000,304,1-	•	024.01.040	20,000,140	1 07C.1CC.77	-872.33U	•	152.331.675	2 176 475	•	682 279 647

Matatiele Local Municipality APPENDIX B ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPM for the year ended 30 June 2016

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		0	Cost / Revaluation	uc		Accumulated	Accumulated Depreciation and Accumulated Impairment	ation and Accum	aufated impairm	ant			
	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Under	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	Other	Carrying Value
Land Land Landfill Sites Quarries	61,526,922	•	•	•	61,526,922	4,326,561	654,181	,		4,980,742	16,473,007	225,000	73,244,187
	61,526,922			-	61,526,922	4,326,561	654,181			4,980,742	16,473,007	225.000	73.244.187
Buildings													
Infrastructure Orains Roads	108,491,208 72,327,472	1,091,485	-20,362		109,562,331 73,055,129	22,767,354 15,178,236	3,935,604 2,623,736	-3,707		26,699,251 17,801,972	5,855,060 3,903,373		100,004,699
Sewerage Mains & Furillication Electricity Mains Flectricity Peak Load Forito	9,040,934	90,957			9,131,891	1,897,279	327,967	•		2,225,246	487,922		28,572,771
Water Mains & Purification Reservoirs - Water	90,409,340	909,571			91,318,911	18,972,795	3,279,670	•		22,252,465	4,879,216		17,143,663
Water Meters Storm Water	54,245,604	545,743			54,791,347	11,383,677	1,967,802	,		13,351,479	2,927,530		11,429,108
Under construction	361,637,360	3,638,284	-20,362	*	365,255,282	75,891,179	13,118,680	-3,707	*	89,006,152	19,516,865	1	285,727,710
Parks & Gardens Libraries Recreation Grounds	28,031,118 14,015,559	568,574 284,287			28,599,692 14,299,846	5,538,125 2,769,062	1,054,852 527,426			6,592,977 3,296,489	660,629 330,314		22,667,343 11,333,672
Civic Buildings Stadiums	9,343,706	189,525			9,533,231	1,846,042	351,617			2,197,659	220,210		7,555,781
Halls Theatre	23,359,265	473,811			23,833,076	4,615,104	879,044			5,494,148	550,524		18,889,453
Swimming Pools Cemeteries	18,687,412	379,049			19,066,461	3,692,083	703,235			4,395,318	440,419		15,111,562
Total carried forward	93,437,060	1,895,245	-20,362	1	95,332,305 522,114,509	18,460,416 98,678,156	3,516,174	•		21,976,590 115,963,484	2,202,095 38,191,967		75,557,810 434,529,707

Matatiele Local Municipality APPENDIX B ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT for the year ended 30 June 2016

		ပိ	Cost / Revaluation	-			1	Accumulated Depreciation	ution				
	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Under Disposals Construction	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	Other	Carrying Value
Total brought forward	516,601,342	5,533,529	-20,362	,	522,114,509	98,678,156	17,289,035	,		115,963,484	38,191,967	-	434,529,707
Other Assets Office Equipment Furniture & Fittings Bins and Containers	13,493,908	3,235,771 2,773,518	-34,201 -29,315		16,695,478 14,310,410	3,272,117 4,207,007	1,010,630 1,299,382	-10,477		4,272,270 5,497,409			12,423,208
Emergency Equipment Motor vehicles	5,783,103	1,386,759	-14,658		7,155,205	934,890	288,752	-4,490		1,219,152			5,936,053
Fire engines Refuse tankers	4,819,253	1,155,633	-12,215		5,962,671	560,934	173,251	-3,742		730,444			5,232,227
Computer Equipment Computer Software (part of	2,891,552	693,380	-7,329		3,577,602	373,956	115,501	-2,245		487,212			3,090,391
Other Assets													, ,
Mork in progress	38,554,023	9,245,061	-97,718	-	47,701,366	11,320,757	3,351,837	-29,933	,	14,642,661			33,058,705
Community Assets Land and Buildings Infrastructure Assets	5,969,278	7,690,327 22,054,026 59,814,322			13,659,605 35,253,456 115,736,476						-2,202,095		11,457,510
	75,090,862	89,558,675		*	164,649,537	,	-		-		-38,191,967		126,457,570
Total	630,246,227	630,246,227 104,337,265	-118,080	•	734,465,412	109,998,913	20,640,872	-29,933	•	130.606.145		135.500	797 494 767

Matatiele Local Municipality APPENDIX C SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT as at 30 June 2016

	The second secon	ŏ	Cost / Revaluation				Accumulated Depreciation	preciation		
	Opening		Under		Closing				Closing	
	Balance	Additions	Construction	Disposals	Balance	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance	Carrying value
	-11-411							,		
Executive & Council										
Finance & Admin										
Land	254,563,283	35,526,188		-522.544	289,566,926	43,166,604	7 909 272	-305 337	50 770 539	738 706 388
Infrastructure	181,830,916	25,375,848		-373 246	206 833 519	30,833,288	5 649 480	-218 008	36.264.670	170 559 949
Community & Social Services	36,366,183	5.075,170		-74 649	41.366.704	6 166 658	1 129 896	43.620	7,04,04,07	24 449 770
Public Safety	109,098,550	15,225,509		-223 948	124 100 111	18 499 973	3 380 688	130 850	74 750 000	100 244 200
Sport & Recreation						0.000	000'000'0	60000	200,001,12	905,145,201
Environmental Protection										
Waste Management										
Road Transport										
Water	•									
Electricity	•									
Other	145,464,733	20,300,679		-298,597	165,466,815	24.666.631	4 519 584	-174 478	29 011 736	136 455 070
Total	727,323,665	101,503,393		-1.492.984	827.334.074	123 333 154	Ľ	872 395	445 059 694	500 370 000
					101.00	1011001021		300,210-	100,000,04	207.700

Matatiele Local Municipality APPENDIX D SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE for the year ended 30 June 2016

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	for the	vear	end	he	30	une	วก	16	

2015	2015 Actual	2015		2016	2016 Actual	2016
Actual Income	Expenditure	Surplus / (Deficit)		Actual Income	Expenditure	Surplus / (Deficit)
152,029,457	-136,644,425	15.385.032	Executive & Council	198,610,881	02 024 040	444.000.044
7,861,036	-4,274,680	3,586,356	Finance & Admin	7,699,010	-83,921,240	114,689,641
533,522	-4,27-4,000	533,522	Planning & Development Health	7,099,0	-1,830 -39,406,795	7,697,180 -39,406,795
57,917,596	-47,251,559	10,666,037	Community & Social Services	65,528,119	-83,595,426	-18,067,307
1,508,615		1,508,615 - - -	Public Safety Sport & Recreation Environmental Protection Waste Management	3,672,275	.,	3,672,275
		-	Road Transport Water Electricity	2,188,705		2,188,705
3,573,659	-70,810,146	-67,236,487	Other	3.896.437	-35,605,745	-31,709,308
223,423,885	-258,980,810	-35,556,925	Less: Inter-Department Charges	281,595,427	-242,531,036	39,064,391
223,423,885	-258,980,810	-35,556,925	Total	281,595,427	-242,531,036	39,064,391